

$$36. \int_0^8 \sqrt{1+x} \, dx = \frac{2}{3} (1+x)^{3/2} \Big|_0^8 = \frac{2}{3} (9^{3/2} - 1^{3/2})$$

$$= \frac{2}{3} (27 - 1) = \frac{52}{3}$$

$$19. \int_1^4 \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{4x}} \, dx$$

$$\left( \frac{dy}{dx} \right)^2 = \frac{1}{4x}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}} = \frac{1}{2} x^{-1/2}$$

$$y = \int \frac{1}{2} x^{-1/2} \, dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \frac{x^{1/2}}{1/2} + C$$

$$= \sqrt{x} + C$$

$$1 = 1 + C \quad C = 0$$

calc  $\sqrt{\frac{1}{x}} x = \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{x}} \cdot x$

Jan 22-8:57 AM

$$13. \quad x = \frac{y^3}{3} + \frac{1}{4y} \quad \frac{1}{4}y^{-1} \quad -\frac{1}{4}y^{-2} = -\frac{1}{4y^2}$$

$$y=1 \quad y=3$$

$$\frac{dx}{dy} = y^2 - \frac{1}{4y^2}$$

$$\int_1^3 \sqrt{1 + \left(y^2 - \frac{1}{4y^2}\right)^2} \, dy$$

$$\int_1^3 \sqrt{1 + y^4 - 2 \cdot \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{16y^4}} \, dy$$

$$\left( \frac{y^3}{3} - \frac{1}{12} \right) - \left( \frac{1}{3} - \frac{1}{12} \right)$$

$$\int_1^3 \sqrt{y^4 + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{16y^4}} \, dy$$

$$\int_1^3 \sqrt{\left(y^2 + \frac{1}{4y^2}\right)^2} \, dy$$

$$\int_1^3 y^2 + \frac{1}{4y^2} \, dy$$

$$= \left( \frac{y^3}{3} + \frac{1}{4}(-y^{-1}) \right) \Big|_1^3$$

$$= \frac{y^3}{3} - \frac{1}{4y} \Big|_1^3$$

Jan 22-9:34 AM

## 7.5 work

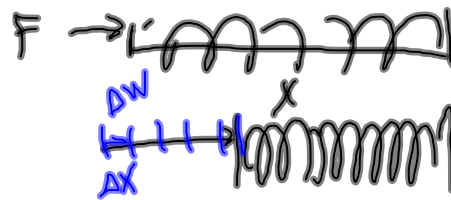
if force is constant,  $W = F \cdot d$  force distance

if force varies over distance  $F(x)$   
(force is a function of distance)

then  $W = \int_a^b F(x) dx$

$$\Delta W = F_i \Delta x$$

$$W = \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \sum F_i \Delta x$$



Jan 22-9:42 AM

Spring rest equilibrium length



$$F = kx$$

Hooke's law

apply  $F = 50 \text{ N}$  to compress  
a spring thru a distance of  $.2 \text{ m}$

How much work is done?

1. Find  $k$   $50 = k(.2)$   $k = \frac{50}{.2} = 250$

2. Find  $W$   $\int_0^{.2} 250x dx = 5 \text{ Nm} = 5 \text{ J}$

Jan 22-9:51 AM

Ex 2

rope 20 m ( $.4 \frac{N}{m}$ )

$$x=0 \quad F=8 \text{ N}$$

$$x=20 \quad F=0$$

$$\text{slope} = \frac{0-8}{20-0} = -\frac{8}{20} = -\frac{2}{5}$$

$$\int_0^{20} -\frac{2}{5}(x-0) + 8 \, dx = 80 \text{ J}$$

$$\text{bucket } 22 \text{ N} \cdot 20 \text{ m} = 440 \text{ J}$$

$$\text{water (linear)} \quad x=0 \quad F=70$$

 $x$  = distance bucket has been lifted

$$x=20 \quad F=0$$

$$m = \frac{0-70}{20-0} = -\frac{7}{2}$$

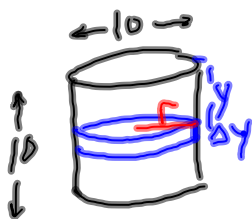
$$F = -\frac{7}{2}(x-0) + 70$$

$$F = -\frac{7}{2}x + 70$$

$$\int_0^{20} -\frac{7}{2}x + 70 \, dx = 700 \text{ J}$$

Jan 22-9:56 AM

pumping water out of a tank


 $\Delta F$  = weight of slice
density of water =  $62.4 \frac{\text{lb}}{\text{ft}^3}$ 

$$\Delta F = \Delta V \cdot 62.4$$

$$r=5 \quad = \pi r^2 \Delta V (62.4)$$

$$\Delta F = 62.4 \pi 5^2 \Delta y$$

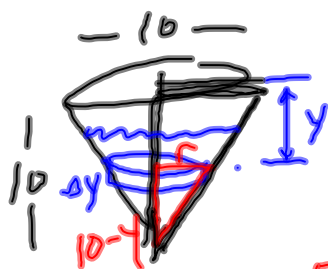
 $\Delta W$  = work for 1 slice

$$= y \Delta F$$

$$\int_0^{10} 62.4 \pi 5^2 y \, dy$$

$$245,044 \text{ ft-lbs}$$

Jan 22-10:10 AM



Force = weight, distance

$$\Delta W = \underset{\substack{\uparrow \\ \text{density} \cdot \text{volume}}}{62.4 \pi r^2 \Delta y} \cdot y$$

$r$  varies, need  $r$  as a function of  $y$   
similar  $\Delta$

$$\frac{5}{10} = \frac{r}{10-y} \quad r = \frac{1}{2}(10-y)$$

$$\int_0^{10} 62.4 \pi \left[ \frac{1}{2}(10-y) \right]^2 y dy$$

EX 3 filled to within 2 ft of top with olive oil

$$\int_{-2}^{10} 57 \pi \left( \frac{1}{2}(10-y) \right)^2 y dy$$

Jan 22-10:20 AM